

MANAGING SECONDARY WASTE

Destruction of chemical warfare materiel creates secondary waste. The U.S. Army Chemical Materials Activity Recovered Chemical Materiel Directorate (CMA RCMD) disposes of secondary waste at permitted commercial treatment, storage and disposal facilities.

Waste includes liquid neutralents, munition bodies, used personal protective equipment, laboratory waste, used carbon filters, overpack containers, and byproducts of the destruction process that are free of compounds controlled by the Chemical Weapons Convention treaty.

The handling and disposal of this waste remains consistent with methods used for disposal of hazardous and nonhazardous waste, which is regulated by federal and state agencies to ensure safe handling.

CMA RCMD disposes of secondary waste in a safe, environmentally compliant and cost-effective manner, ensuring treaty compliance.



After chemical warfare materiel is neutralized, liquid waste is drained from the vessel of CMA RCMD's Explosive Destruction System to 55-gallon waste drums, which make up the EDS waste transfer subsystem.



Newer EDS units use a different waste transfer subsystem. Larger drums allow operations to continue with fewer interruptions for waste disposal, resulting in shorter operations.