MATERIEL ASSESSMENT REVIEW BOARD (MARB)

Overview

The U.S. Army Chemical Materials Activity Recovered Chemical Materiel Directorate (CMA RCMD) provides centralized management and direction to the Department of Defense for assessment and destruction of recovered chemical warfare materiel (RCWM) in a safe and environmentally sound manner. Chemical warfare materiel is most commonly recovered during range-clearing operations and environmental remediation efforts on active military installations and formerly used defense sites where manufacture, testing and disposal of chemical materiel took place. Recovery sites may also include land turned over to other government agencies and land transferred to private ownership.

In January 1995, the U.S. Army established the Materiel Assessment Review Board, or MARB, to make decisions regarding recovered items with unknown fills. Many munitions and containers recovered from old burial sites at these installations lack historical records and identifying marks due to age and condition. This makes identification difficult and requires the use of non-intrusive methods to identify the item, its fill and explosive configuration. The MARB makes the definitive identification of the item’s contents for the Department of Defense.

MARB membership

The MARB is composed of nine voting members, several permanent non-voting members and ad hoc members representing subject matter experts in chemical warfare from various Army organizations, including: Army Materiel Command, Combat Capabilities Development Command (CCDC) and its Chemical Biological Center (CBC), Chemical Materials Activity (CMA), RCMD, Forces Command and its 20th CBRNE (Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosives) Command, CBRNE Analytical and Remediation Activity, 48th Chemical Brigade, 52nd Ordnance Group and 71st Ordnance Group. The director of CMA appoints a representative of RCMD and of the 20th CBRNE Command to co-chair the board. The co-chairs select individuals to fill positions on the board and invite ad hoc attendees as necessary.
MATERIEL ASSESSMENT REVIEW BOARD (MARB) (CONTINUED)

MARB roles and responsibilities

RCMD maintains written records for and funds MARB activities and required responses. These activities may include providing protective equipment, communications equipment, travel and any equipment necessary to safely and properly perform the mission related to recovered items containing an unknown fill.

RCMD deploys transportable equipment and qualified personnel to safely perform on-site response when items with an unknown fill are recovered. The assessment technologies provide the MARB with critical information regarding the item’s contents and explosive configuration.

Assessment and review process

The Army is committed to accurately assessing and classifying recovered materiel and providing maximum protection to workers and the public, while complying with all applicable environmental rules and regulations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DETERMINATION</th>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>Conventional</th>
<th>Armed and Fuzed Conventional</th>
<th>Armed and Fuzed Chemical</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RECOMMENDATION</td>
<td>Explosive or non-explosive system demilitarization</td>
<td>Disposition to be determined locally</td>
<td>Destroy as soon as possible</td>
<td>Destroy as soon as possible</td>
<td>Additional data required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When an item with an unknown liquid fill is recovered, a response team deploys to the recovery site with technology to assess the item’s fill and explosive capabilities.

After the response team completes its assessment, it forwards all data to the MARB for further review and secures the item until a destruction plan can be developed.

The MARB convenes usually within three days of receipt of assessment data. MARB members review data from the response team along with historical and additional analytical data provided by CCDC CBC.

After all data has been presented and reviewed, the MARB members vote on the recommended disposition of the item.